# CITY INTELLIGENCE.

[ For Additional City Intelligence see Edity Page.] ANNIVERSARY MEETING OF THE M. E. CHURCH EXPASSION SOCIETY.—In spite of the inclemency of the weather last evening, the Union Church was filled with a large audience of ladies and gentlemen. The occasion was one

of much interest, and was designed to devise measures for the extension of the interests of the Church throughout the country. At present there are many societies and churches calling out loudly for

out loudly for aid.

At 7 o'clock the meeting was called to order, with Major-General John W. Geary, Governor elect of the State, in the chair. Bishops Kingsley, Clark, and Janes were present. But for the inclemency of the weather, there would have been eight Bishops upon that platform. The other five gentlemen were in the city for the purpose, but age and infirmities warn them to avoid excessive. to avoid excosure.

General Geary was personally introduced to the several Bishops who were present, and also to a number of ministers of the denomination. A voluntary was played upon the organ by Professor Fischer, and at twenty minutes past seven o'clock General Geary was accompanied to the pulpit-platform by Bishop Clark and the Rev. Dr. Newman.

The regular proceedings were opened with a hymn, commencing, "From all that dwell below the skies," which was given out by the Rev. Dr. Newman, of New Orleans, and sang by the

The Rev. Dr. Newman then made a prayer to the Throne of Grace, beseeching help and strength for the good work.

After the prayer General Geary rose and addressed the meeting. He returned thanks for the honor accorded him in selecting him to pre-side, and then made a few remarks on the objects of the meeting. The active condition and progress of the Church throughout the United

States had often excited his admiration. He admired the boldness and the activity of its leading members, even extending their good work to the verrontier of civilization, and keeping progress with the tide of Christianity, ever flowing onward to the remotest parts of the land. He felt it his duty to say that his early religious impressions were made upon his youthful mind within the Freemade upon his youthful mind within the Pres-byterian Church, and he was reared or brought up in the religion of that denomination wand though there still lingers in his heart some of his first love of that Church, yet he seems to be drawn by some irresistible power to the Metho-

In looking back over the four years of disastrous war in our land, and thinking of the gal-lant sacrifices made by at least one hundred thousand members of the Methodist Church, and in reflecting upon the bravery, the daring and active spirit of patriotism ever exhibited by them upon the bartle-field or in the camps or the hospitals, he could not appear before the meeting without saying that he had been an ardent admirer of the Methodist Church generally. When we consider the small beginning made one hundred years ago, from which has grown the great Methodist Church, we can hardly estimate its magnitude.

dist organization.

Ten years before the American Revolution five persons assembled in New York; they were called "dissenters;" and now at the termina-tion of the first century the whole land is alled with worshipping members of the very church thus started by the little band of only five individuals, until its numbers exceed two millions. Here in this city, where freedom was first proclaimed to the inhabitants, where the Methodist Church has progressed to immense importance, we should feel gratified to meet in this peaceful assemblage this

It is a Church of prayer; its course is onward and upward; everywhere on the frontler its watchires are lighted. No matter where you go —in the mountain and the vales of the Northwest, or where the streams pour down and wash the golden sands of California—there you will bear the Methodist voice raised in prayer, and song, and exhortation. He leit a veneration for the Methodist Church, and all other churches organized for the good of mankind, and carrying into effect those great principles of Christianity for which Christ came into the world.

The Secretary of the Society, Rev. Dr. Monroe, then read an abstract of the annual report. It appears that there are fifty-five auxiliary socieextending through the whole United States. Funds have been received from forty-nine conferences. Aid has been extended by the Society to thirty churches in West Virginia: to fourteen in Kentucky, chiefly Eastern Kentucky; to thirtytwo in Missouri and Arkansas; eight in Kansas; two in Illinois; five in Nebraska; nine in East Tennessee; tenlin Middle Tennessee; six in Michigan; three'in Wisconsin; and eight in Minnesota. Those churches aided in West Vicginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, Missouri, and Arkansas are exclusively among loyal white people and freedmen. As a rule, the freedmen have required less amount of aid than most others.

Applications from many societies struggling in their poverty to erect houses of worship are now before the Society, and it needs all the help that can be had to make it meet cases of mos pressing want. It has now grants to the amount of \$50,000 which must be paid in the course of a few succeeding months. Though contracted by the pressure of the large financial operations of this centenary year, yet the sum received places it, in the amount of its annual income, at the head of all the church extension societies of the

Thomas S. Mason, Esq., the Treasurer, ported the past and present condition of treasury:—Receipts during the year, \$59,524.97; expenditures during the same period, \$50,566.99, leaving a balance on hand of \$8957.98.

Mr. D. S. Moody, of Chicago, was introduced, and made a very eloquent address. He gave his experience in his travels through the country. had heard parents oray to God to save the land from sin and destruction. In some parts of the land religion seemed to be dead, He saw churches in which there was no one who could carry on devotional exercises. At one place he went into the court-house square, and, from the novelty of the thing drew crowds of gaping people there. They listened to Gospel preaching. The excitement increased, an many con verts were made, and at the present time the people in that once benighted section, the political contest being over, have set to work in right earnest, and think they will be able to carry the country for Jesus.

The speaker said that he had received a telegram from Illinois that a conference is to be held in one of the counties there, and it is in-sisted that we shall carry the Church there. This is what God wants in all parts of the land. The speaker now read a call published in a Western paper, that in Livingston county, I'llnois, the cause of the Lord Jesus Carist is progressing there. The sickle will be put in deep. gressing there. The sickle will be put in deep, and we expect to reap a full harvest. He believed the country was going for Jesus Christ. The grogshops are all shat up; and in Springfield, the home of Lincoln, an organization has apring up; and with hopeful prayer, we expect the land as it did in less than the land as it did in less. wave to sweep over the land as it did in 1857. We have been loyal to the country, now let us be loyal to God—(cries of "Amen")—as we were to our country. (Continued cries of "Amen.")

There is yet a great work to be done in the We will have to exert ourselves to preach the Gospel through the dark places. We should imitate the blessed Saviour, who went among needy and afflicted and preached that all might be saved. We should go into every sink of iniquity, and raise the prostrate and failen. Our time on earth is short; let us improve it. soul saved will be a powerful plea for our-

A soldier, dying, suddenly exclaimed: - "Hark Be still! They are calling the roll of Heaven and I am going to answer." Then let us do all that we can to save the souls of mankind, and be ready to answer to our names when called

for the great roll of Heaven.

Mr. Moody was listened to with the most rapt attention. After he had concluded his eloquent address, he was followed by the Rev. Bishop Clarke, who commenced by alluding to the condition of the Society, and his gratification at the admirable progress it had made during the past year. He complimented the So-clety and its officers on the good work they had accomplished.

He stated the object of the Association to be to extend the influence of the Church. The Church is true to the Christian, and the Christian should be true to the Church. Its power is for the good of mankind, and the way to promote it is to act as the military of occupation do. They build their forts and plant their cannon, and so, if we their forts and plant their cannon, and so, if we desire to effect anything, we must build our churches, to be ready for occupation as population extends or increases in those sections. He said that we have work to do in the South, although it is said by some that the Church South may take care of itself. That will not do. There are loyal men in all parts of the South, who need our care. There are men and ministers there who need our help. The speaker now drew graphic pictures incident to the recent Rebellion, and finally concluded by complimenting the Society, and urging its members to go on with the good work until churches shall be planted in all parts of the country.

After Bishop Clarke took his seat, Rev. Mr.

After Bishop Clarke took his seat, Rev. Mr. Kymett, of the Iowa Conference, toliowed with a few remarks. He made special reference to the condition of the Church in the States lately rebeilion, and said that it was the intention of the Society to make Tennessee a base of operations to carry on their work of carrying out the interests of the Church throughout the length and breadth of the South. Every member of the Church has an interest in the Church. The speaker compared the Methodist Church throughout the land with a grand army—it had its main centre and its various branches, which consisted of missionary societies, Sunday Schools, etc., all working for the one grand object—the spread of Christianits; that the machinery of the Church meant that they should capture the entire world for Christ. The force would have to be distributed army-like in order to insure the success desired. If they could succeed in planting them elves firmly in the lately rebellious States, there would be no future disloyalty there. Other speakers who had preceded him had given such full description of the wants and trials of the outh, he would not descant further upon them. South, he would not descant further upon them. He was of the opinion that the South was not the only field for present operations. There was a great work to be done in the Northwest. The large and steady increase of the population in that locality, the steaker said, warranted him in saying that it was a field from which great beneats could be reaped. He was confident that at least \$200,000 could be raised there for the cause if the work was properly pushed forward. cause if the work was properly pushed forward. In closing, he entreated his hearers to use every exertion to aid in the great and glorious project. The address of the Rev. Mr. Kymett was fol-

owed by an eloquent address from Bishop Kingsley. His address was of an exceedingly interesting character. He said there should be no distinction of color, or other distinction in preaching the gospel. He heard a mau say, some time ago, that he believed that God poured out blessings quite as freely before they has any churches as He does now, and he did not think He could do any more if they erected buildings for worship all over the world. The speaker said he did not differ at all with man, for he con-idered that God always done good wherever He found persons trying to override evil. But he thought it a very poor argument to talk of going back to the old plan of preaching out of doors, when the Church was so far advanced. He concluded by referring to the false outcries that are raised against the ministers of the Gospel who are trying to evangelize the South. At the close of the address the Doxology was sung,

and the meeting dismissed with a benediction. The Managers of the Church Extension So ciety of the Methodist Episcopal Church for 1867 are:-

Laymen-Thomas T. Tasker, Sr., Joseph B. Townsend, Esq., Amos Phillips, Colson Heis-kell, T. T. Mason, Lenuel C. Simon, Colonel J. A. Wright, I. S. Caster, James W. Earley, Thomas K. Peterson, James Long, Thomas Hull, D. Cubberley, J. B. Longacre, Joseph Thompson, W. G. Spencer, John Hunter, Joseph Thompson, W. G. Spencer, John Hunter, Joseph Thompson, W. G. Spencer, John Hunter, Joseph

Thornley, Andrew Robins, Jr., John W. Hicks, James H. Bryson, Charles Scott, David H. Bowen, Ed. Perry, John Alcorn.

Ministers—Rev. Joseph Castle, D. D., D. W. Bartine, D. D., J. Cunningham, J. F. Chaplain, P. Coombe, S. W. Thomas, R. H. Pattison, G. D. Canott, D. D., George W. Lybrand, W. L. Canott, A. Wallace, T. C. Muznhy, W. Cooper, Castle, A. Wallace, T. C. Muznhy, W. Cooper, M. Canott, D. D., George W. Lybrand, W. L. Gray, A. Wallace, T. C. Murphy, W. Cooper, D. D., A. Atwood, J. Mason, B. H. Nadal, D. D., A. Cookman, W. J. Paxson, W. Mullin, J. B. McCullough, S. Vansant, J. B. Dobbins, F. Moore, D. D., J. W. Jackson, J. Dickerson. Sermons on Church Extension, next Sunday, will be delivered at Union, Bishop Scott; Wnarton street, Bishop Kingsley; Spring Garden

MEETING OF COUNCILS .- The stated meeting or Councils was held yesterday afternoon. Select Council.-Mr. Barlow presented a petition of 6200 citizens, asking an increase of the pay of policemen. Also, a petition from policemen, making a similar request. Reterred to the Committee on Police.

Clark; St. John's, Bishop Janes.

annual estimates of the Girard College for 1867 were received, and reterred to the Committee on Girard Estates. The total amount asked is \$133,450.

Mr. Gray, from the Committee on Water, reported in tayor of the suggestion of the Chief Engineer in regard to a reservoir in the Twentyfourth Ward, larger than the one proposed by existing ordinance. The present appropriation is \$110,000, and the Committee report that to construct a large reservoir would require \$140,000. At this increase the storage capacity of the reservoir would be increased 800 per cent The proposed reservoir will hold 25,000,000 gallons, while the one suggested by the Chief Engineer would give 200,000,000 gallons. A resolution authorizing the Chief Engineer to construct the enlarged reservoir was reported. After considerable debate in regard to the necessity of providing an adequate supply of water tor the citizens of Philadelphia, the resolution was adopted.

The Committee on Schools reported a resolution authorizing the purchase of a lot on Cherry street, near Nineteenth, for school pur-

The ordinance regulating the sale of refreshments in market-houses was reported back with-

out amendment, and it was adopted.

The Committee on Law, to which was referred the offer of a lot of ground at Twenty-fourth and Peunsylvania avenue, reported an ordinance accepting the ground, and directing the Commissioner of City Property to adver-tise for proposals for the purchase of the buildings now on the ground.

The ordinance from Common Council adding one hundred men to the poince force, was

Mr. King moved the indefinite postponement of the bill, upon the ground that the Mayor nac not asked for this increase. This is no time to add to our expenses, when we have difficulty in meeting the habilities now pressing us. In addition to this, Councils will be asked to increase the pay, and thus a very heavy addition to our

orden will be the consequence.
The bill was finally referred to the Committee on Police of Select Council, to obtain from the Mayor his views in regard to the proposed is-

A resolution was introduced, directing the Commissioner of City Property and the Chief Engineer of the Water Works to advertise for proposals for renting the mausion house at Fair mount Park and the refreshment saloon, and

report to Councils. Agreed to.
The ordinance from Common Council creating a Board of Fire Commissioners was taken up, and the Chamber agreed to the reference of the subject to a joint special committee. Adjourned. Common Council.—A communication was re-ceived from the City Commissioners, stating that \$237,195'35 would be required for the expenses of the office during 1867. Referred.

Mr. Stanton presented a petition, signed by 6200 tax-payers, asking that the salaries of the police be increased; also, a petition of the Police

Department, which were referred. Mr. Marcer, Chairman of Finance Committee, presented an ordinance appropriating \$331,950 to the Water Department for 1867. Referred. The same Committee also reported in favor of appropriating \$100,000 to pay for the erection of a House of Correction. Referred to Special Com-

mittee on the subject. Mr. Miller reported an ordinance appropriating \$403,762.50 to the Highway Department for 1867. Ordered to be printed.

Mr. Evans (in place) submitted an ordinance creating a Board of Fire Commissioners. It provides that the Mayor, Chief of Police, Fire Marshal, and President of each Chamber of Councils shall constitute a Board of Fire Commissioners who are to make rules for the government of the Fire Department, suspend or expel all disorderly companies; also, the Chief Engineer and Assistants to be subject to the Board. The third section of the bill provides that on the third Tuesday in January of each year, Councils shall meet in convention for the purpose of electing a Chief Engineer of the Fire Department.

After some discussion, the bill was referred to

the Committee on Trusts and Fire.
Subsequently the matter was reconsidered, and the bill was referred to a special committee of five members of each Chamber. The following were appointed:—Messrs. Evans, Harper, Bardsley, Gill, and Willits,

Mr. Haucock (in place) reported an ordinance, making if unlawful for any persons to crect awnings less than eleven leet high, and also requiring trees to be trimmed so as to give

the same space. Referred.

Mr. Harper offered a resolution, providing for the appointment of a committee to confer with the Board of Revision, in reference to adopting some plan for equalizing taxation.

Mr. Hetzell submitted a resolution, instructing the Committee on Law to report a bill to the Legislature, providing for the impounding of the salary or fees of any officer whose election

is in dispute. Adopted.

Mr. Dillon offered a resolution directing the Chief Commissioner of Highways to give notice to all properly owners having broken lootways in liont of their premises to have the same repaired, Adopted. The ordinance authorizing the Chief Surveyor

and Chief Commissioner of Highways to enter into a contract for the erection of a suspension

bridge over the Schuylkill at South street, was called up and postponed for one week.

The tollowing ordinances and resolutions trom Select Coancil were concurred in: An ordinance to purchase a lot for school purposes in Cherry street, west of Tenth; one increasing divisions in the Fifteenth Ward, and changing the boundaries of the same; to pay claims for the erection of the river wall at Fairmount Park; to authorize the Chief Engineer of Water Works to construct a large reservoir in West Philadelphia, to cost \$140,000; a resolution in-structing the Committee on Port Wardens to ascertain if the owners or lessees of certain city wharves have a legal right to enclose, obstruct, or encumber the same so that the public cannot have access to them; the amendments to the bill prohibiting the sale of cooked victuals in the market sheds of the city; to advertise for proposals to lease the mansion house at the Park, and the retreshment saloon at Fairmount Water Works. While the ordinance providing for the purchase of the triangular piece of ground bounded by Twenty-nith and Green streets was under consideration, and a motion had been made to indefinitely postpone it, the hour of adjournment arrived, and a motion to

ESTIMATE OF COMMISSIONERS OF HIGHwars.—The estimate of expenses asked for by the Commissioners of Highways is as follows:—

adjourn was carried.

Salaries of Commissioners, License Clerk, Assistant Clerk, Messenger, Watchmen on Bridges . \$16,200 00
Paving intersections or streets . 25,000 00 Repairing streets . . . . 75,080.00 Repairing over water pipe . 12,000.00 Gutter crossing and tramway stone . 20,000.00 Repairs to roads and unpaved streets Grading streets and roads 50,000 0 30,000 00 Repairing bridges Repairs to culverts and inlets 40,000.00 Gutter and curb regulations 3,000.0 Opening streets when authorized Printing, advertising, and stationery. 2.500 00 Insurance on bridges Rent of office, office and yard expenses 2,000.00 Repairing and repaving streets along which the tracks of passenger rail-3,000.00 14,562.50 10,000.00

Repairing footways Repairing Delaware river banks Constructing new inlets Cleaning and repairing unpaved streets Streets Grading and culverting Broad street. 10,000 00

. . \$403,762\*50 THE TOBACCO FRAUD .- In the case of

500:00

Martin Solomon and L. W. Holladay, tobacco dealers, who were charged with defrauding the Revenue Department by the use of boxes for the transportation of shuff a second time, that had been but once inspected, there was a final hearing yesterday. No additional testimony was submitted. Mr. Valentine, the Assistant Dis-trict Attorney, addressed the Commissioner a follows:-Since the last meeting, the amount of ax on the snuff which was being packed for shipment has been paid, amounting to \$932.15, and the property seized at Mr. Holladay's, and also that at Mesers, Crossman & Solomon's, being libelied. It seems to me that the purposes of the law have been answered by the payent of the tax and the confiscation of the property seized, which I understand will not resisted by the counsel for the defendants. He would, however, leave it to the judgment of the Commissioner to say what should be done.

Mr. Sergeant, the Commissioner, said there was no evidence of bad faith. He did not believe that if there had been a design to defraud, the boxes would have been sent to Camden to be altered. In the absence of any evi-nence of bad faith, coupled with the fact that the District Attorney did not press the case, he should discharge the accused.

IMPORTANT REVENUE DECISION .- A firm in this city having failed, and made an assignment to preferred creditors, the assignee refuses to pay the Government claim for taxes although he has some \$50,000 worth of property in his possession, on the ground that the Gov ernment claim cannot supersede preferred creditors. Collector Sloanaker submitted the following proposition for the decision of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue:—"Does the Government claim for taxes owing and due before failure, as shown by the sworr return presented to the Assessor, and returned by him for collection, supersede preferred creditors and it not so, would the Collector be justifiable in proceeding to distrain property in the hands the assignee?"

The following reply was received yesterday rom Deputy Commissioner Harland:-"If the ax against the firm alluded to was due at the date of their assignment, there is a lien upon the property assigned in favor of the United States; the claim of the Government takes preedence over all others, and should be enforced

by distraint, if necessary.' REPORT OF THE NORTHERN HOME,-The managers of the Northern Home presented yes-terday afternoon to City Councils their thirteenth annual report, in a neat pamphlet of forty pages. The report was read at the anniversary, May 8 1866, and has already been published in our columns. The Northern Home, in the assiduity of its managers, is the best represented charitable institution in the country. Its management is conducted in a manner beyond all praise. Its solicitors, M.J. Mitcheson and J. J. Barclay, Esqs., are indefatigable in their works of charity and have secured the aid of the Commonwealth and have secured the and of the Commonwealto for the institution by plain diet of persevering demonstration. Every dollar given to the Northern Home goes to feed and educate some child who otherwise would have been lett to the ercies of the open streets, or to the hovels of

the depraved and the victors. CUSTOM HOUSE APPOINTMENTS.-Folyard Degan, Samuel Carson, John McKeown, John Agan, John Gallagher, and Patrick McDonough were appointed to different minor positions in the Custom House yesierday, by Collector William F. Johnston.

THE FENIANS.-A Fenian meeting, at which several eminent Fenian orators will speak, will be held to-night at Fourth and Vine streets.

ANOTHER DISTILLERY CASE. - Before the United States Commissioner, yesterday, John W. Collen had a hearing on the charge or distilling

Spirits without a license.

Deputy Collector Kneass testified that he visited the distillery of defendant, No. 1403 Passyunk road, on the evening of the 8th of November, and found the still in operation, and a large quantity of mash in the place; that he went off to get a watchman, and upon returning in two hours afterwards the distillery was deserted; Mr. Cullen was there when he first went there. Derendant had made application for a license, and been told that he could not go on

until he had obtained it. Dominique Voutier testified to accompanying Mr. Kneass to the place, and to seeing the still, though it was not in operation when he was there. Defendant was held in \$1000 bail for trial.

THE PAY OF THE POLICE.-Yesterday afterneon a petition was presented to City Councils, asking for an increase of pay of the Police Department of Philadelphia. The petition, which was referred to the Police Committee, is in substance as follows:—

"The Lieutenants, Sergeants, and Privates of the Police Department of the city of Philadelphia ask of your bodies the passage of an ordinance to increase their salaries to the following amounts, viz.:—Licutenants, \$1200; Sergeants, 100; and Privates \$1000."

The petition sets forth three reasons for the increase:—The high price of living, the expensive uniforms, and the present inadequate pay, which for several years past has been lessened by the necessity of selling the warrants at a large discount.

COWARDLY ASSAULT,-Thomas Holland is charged before Recorder Eneu last evening. with committing a violent assault and battery on Mary O'Brien. The complainant testified that defendant had a quarrel with her at No. 120 Dock street, and struck her several times. Her ce was much bruised, and one of her teeth osened. Holland was held for trial.

HRE.-Last evening, about half-past seven o'clock, a lantern in Perth street, above Pop-lar, set fire to some hay, and before the flames could be extinguished, the contents of the stable

### AMUSEMENTS.

A MERICAN ACADEMY OF MUSIC. A MERICAN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—

ROS-INI'S

"STABAT MATER."

Mr. H. L. BATEMAN, prempted by the suggestions of numerous patrons of the Bateman Concerts anxious to beer M'me PAREPA. Signor BRIGNOLI, and the other eminent artists under his management in some grand work of Sacred Music, is most happy to be able to announce that he has succeeded in Securing the valuable assistance of the HANDFL AND HAYDN -OCITETY, of Phi adelph's, and a POWERFUL ORCHESTRA, for a magnificenty arand rendition of ROSSISIS IMMORT L. STAB of MATER, On FRIDAY EVENING, November 23.

AT THE AMERICAN ACADEMY OF MUSIC, in which the Solo parts will be sustained by M'ME PAREPA.

MRS. JOSEPHINE SCHIMPF.
SIGNOR FRIRANTI, SIGNOR FRIRANTI, SIGNOR FRIRANTI, SIGNOR FRIRANTI, SIGNOR FORTUNA.

The Choruses by the Justiv celebrated HANDEL AND HAYDN SOCIETY, numbering upwards of 300 volces, and comprising the most prominent croites in Philadelphia, assisted by a GRAND OBCHESTRA OF FORTY PERFORMERS, all under the direction of Mis. CARL SENTZ, Musical Director.

Prior to the Stabat Mater, the Orchestra will play over ure—Ruy Blas.

"Mendelssohn To be followed by the grand air, from "Sampson," by Handel, "Let the Bright Seraphim" sung by M'ME PAREPA.

With Trumpet Obligato, per ormet by Mrs. ADOLPH BIRGFELD.

PRICE OF ADMISSION—ONE DOLLAR to any part of the house: secured seats, Soc. extra; which may be had on Saurday Morning, November 17, at the Music Store of C. W. A. Trumpler.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—No tickets will be soid at the Academy prior to the day of the Concert. [11 16 3t]

N EW CHESNUT STREET THEATRE.—
WILLIAM E. SINN & CO......LESSEES
Doors open at 7. Curtain rises at 7-45.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, November 17,
GRAND FAMILY MATINEE.
VICTORINE;
OR, I WILL SLEEP ON IT.
Prices as usual.

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RS. JOHN DREW'S NEW ARCH STE THEATRE. Begins at hair past 7 o'clock. HOUSES PACKED 40 THE ROOF. BENEFIT-BENEFIT OF MR. DAN BRYANT TO-NIGHT (Friday). November 16, Fith night of the Grand Irish Drama of SHAMUS O'BRIEN;

THE BOULD BOY OF GLENGALL, with new scenery, and great cast, including Mr. DAN BRYANT in FOUR DIFFERENT CHARACTERS.
The great song, "The Green above the Red." "The Ruction Jig," and "Mackillicuddy's Reel." CITY MUSEUM THEATRE, CALLOWHILL

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BENEFIT OF

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MR. STUART ROBSON.

FRIDAY EVEN'NG, November 16,

PAUL PRY.

SONGS BY ROBSON.

BURIED ALIVE,

the interesting Drawn of the and the interesting Drama of the CHILDREN IN THE WOOD

CERMANIA ORCHESTRA.—PUBLIC RE-licarsals every SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at MUSICAL FUND HALL, 3% o'clock. Engagements made by acdressing GEORGE BASTERT, Agent, No. 1231 MONTEREY street between Race and Vinc. 11 53m. N EW ELEVENTH STREET OPERA HOUSE

ELEVENTH STREET OFERA HOUSE,
"THE FAMILY RESORT"
OPEN FOR THE SEASON.
CARROBS & DIXEY'S MINSTRELS,
the Great Star Troupe of the World in their GRAND
ETHIOPIAN SOIREES, SONGS, DANCES, NEW
BURLESQUES, and FLANTATION SCENES.
Doors open at 7 o'clock. Commencing at 8 o'clock.
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Paintings of the French, German, and Belgian Schools
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GRAND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERTS
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By two large and efficient Orchestras.
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Brass Band, comprising the best Artists in the, sit, will perform. will periorm. OPEN FOR THE SEASON. Our spacious summer Garden, artistically laid out with Shrubbery, Fountains, etc.
IN THE LADIES' SALOON.
Especially set apart for FAMILIES, the best of Greams and other Refreshments will be served.
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The lastitute, which again has been greatly improved for the coming season, is now open for subscriptions all day and evenings.

Bodily exercise imparts health and strength, and is highly recommended to both sexes and all ages.

Terms for instruction, 6 months.

Terms for sell practice, 3 months.

Terms for sell practice, 3 months.

For particulars send for a circular, or give us a call.

8 20 2m Professors HILDEBRAND & LEWIS

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SHINGLES,
LONG CEDAR SHINGLES,
SHORT CEDAR SHINGLES,
COOPER SHINGLES,
FINE ASSORTMENT FOR SALE LOW,
No. 1 CEDAR LOGS AND POSTS.

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RED CEDAR, WALNUT, AND PINE.
RED CEDAR WALNUT, AND PINE.

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ALBANY LUMBER OF ALL KINDS.
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In a city comprising so large a number of streets, so In a city comprising so large a number of streets, so greatly scattered, and in which such a vast amount of changes have been made during the past few years, the actual want of a systematically arranged and carefully compiled street and avenue Directory is apparent to every citizen and business man who has recourse to the Directory, and especially to the stranger, who is entirely unnequalitied with the location and rumeralization of the streets.

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U. S. CIRCUIT COURT. JUDGES GRIER AND CADWALADER

PATENT-RIGHT CASE. Jenkins' Crimped Wire Patent,

Chase vs. M. Walker & Sons.

This was a suit to determine the title as to the excusive right to the Wire Crimping Patent of Henry Jenkins for the eastern part of the State of Pennsylvania Chase claimed under an assignment granted after the extension of the Jenkins Patent, and M. Watker & Sons claimed the exclusive rights for the State of Pennsylvania under the extension by virtue of an assignment made to them prior to the extension and recorded prior to Chase's assignment. The case-was argued by Myers and Longstreth for Chase, and by Harding and Shaw for M. Walker & So. S. Judge Cadwallader stated that this was a very clear case in favor of the detendanta, and that the assignment to M. Walker & Sons invested main with the title, and that Judge Grice concurred with him in this opinion, and that he would file his opinion at length.